





Biological control of highly invasive Tree-of-Heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*) in urban areas

Erhard Halmschlager, Benjamin Dauth, Oliver Maschek, Thomas Kirisits

Institute of Forest Entomology, Forest Pathology and Forest Protection, University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna (BOKU University)

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Tree-of-Heaven (Ailanthus altissima)



- Highly invasive Neophyte in Europe and on all continents except Antarctica
- Abundant in urban habitats & along transportation corridors
- Low requirements on soil fertility







Tree-of-Heaven (*Ailanthus altissima***)**



 Destruction of the fundaments of buildings, monuments & infrastructure and damage on archeological sites due to its high root energy



BIFFF

Verticillium nonalfalfae



- newly described Verticilliumspecies (2011)
- soil-borne wilt fungus
- narrow host range compared to the more common species
 V. dahliae & V. albo-atrum s.s.
- within the species there are biotypes with distinct host specificity (hop, tree of heaven, tomato, spinach, ...)
- 2011: virulent and native strain obtained from naturally dying Ailanthus
- Now the active agent of the bioherbicide Ailantex[®]



Topics to be presented



- Effectivity of the V. nonalfalfae-isolate Vert56 (Ailantex[®]) on A. altissima on different sites and age classes
- Spread of the wilt fungus from inoculated (treated) trees via root grafts
 to neighbouring Ailanthus trees
- 3. Demonstration of easy to handle application techniques
- 4. Current status of admission/registration of Ailantex®

1a) Effectivity of Ailantex[®] on saplings of Ailanthus



1b) Effectivity of Ailantex[®] on mature Ailanthus



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2) Spread of the wilt fungus from inoculated trees via root grafts to neighbouring *Ailanthus* trees

 Forest regeneration site at the Viennese Recreation Forest "Lainzer Tiergarten"



RIFFF

2) Spread of the wilt fungus from inoculated trees via root grafts to neighbouring *Ailanthus* trees

 Pure stand of Ailanthus-saplings with admixed single individuals of service tree (Sorbus domestica) (indicated by red arrows!)

in the past Ailanthus-saplings were crosscut annually at breast height.
<u>only 20 saplings treated in June 2014</u>
→ monitoring of the spread of the wilt pathogen to neighbouring trees by root connections in 2014 and 2015
→ within <u>only 2 years wilt and mortality</u> could be achieved on more than 700 Allanthus saplings!



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Spread of *V. nonalfalfae* from inoculated to neighbouring Ailanthus trees



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3) Application techniques



<u>Easy-to-handle application</u> technique developed using

Gerades Hohleisen Straight Gouge

5505

- chisel with rounded blade
- mallet
- syringe (10 or 20 ml)

(vgl. video clip under: http://www.ailantex.eu)

<u>further application techniques</u>:

Hypo-Hatchet®Tree Injector, EZ-Ject™, Herbicide System, Sidewinder

02 04 06 08 10 12 14 16 20 25 30 35 40 50 60

Tree Injector, Arborjet QUIK-jet Air™ and BITE Slade for Infusion in

TrEes"])

3) Application techniques (cont.)





3) Application techniques (cont.)

BITE Tree Injector: developed for application of active agents/ products that are transported via the sap flow

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4) Current status of admission/registration

- Ailantex[®] was approved as plant protection product in Austria already in 2017 and all following years
- In the meanwhile it received emergency registration also in France (for railroad lines), the Czech Republic & just recently also in Greece (for railroad lines)
- Furthermore, applications for emergency registration are <u>under consideration</u> in Germany and Switzerland
- The EU admission procedure for Ailantex[®] is under way (the respective dossier has been submitted to the EU approval authority in 01/2022)

Summary / Recommendations

- new, biocontrol method for Ailanthus
- in 2019 available for the first time on the market in Austria under the brand name Ailantex[®]
- efficient & sustainable control (leads to dieback of roots!)
- spread to neighbouring trees via root grafts (in the case of clonal spread of Ailanthus!)
- applicable in urban areas, in near to nature ecosystems and also near waterbodies (contains no poisonous substances!)
- various easy-to-manage application techniques available

Publications

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BOKU UNIVERSITY University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna (BOKU University)



Department of Forest- and Soil Sciences Institute of Forest Entomology, Forest Pathology and Forest Protection (IFFF)

Ao.Univ.Prof. Dipl.-Ing. Dr. Erhard Halmschlager Dipl.-Ing. Dr. Oliver Maschek Dipl.-Ing. Benjamin Dauth Univ.Prof. Dipl.-Ing. Dr. Thomas Kirisits Peter-Jordan-Straße 82, A-1190 Vienna Tel.: +43 1 47654-91622 Mail: erhard.halmschlager@boku.ac.at Web: www.boku.ac.at



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